# Reynolds School District Parent Opt-Out Procedure

## Student Requests based on Disabilities

**Step One:** The parent/guardian discusses his/her concerns with the principal or other school administrator. The administrator schedules a meeting and assembles a team to including, but not limited to, the student’s assigned case manager and/or a Student Services designee to meet with the parent(s) to first discuss the use of and types of universal tools, designated supports, and accommodations to determine whether the use of those academic supports address the parent’s concerns and allows the student to participate in state testing. (Refer to current year Oregon Accessibility Manual).

**Step Two:** If the parent/guardian believes that the identified disability continues to interfere with their child’s ability to participate in standardized testing, *even with accommodations made for their disability*, then the parent may request the required form named *RSD Parent Request for Exemption from Summative Assessments-A* from the District Office*.* Parent should complete the exemption request to the superintendent that states:

1. The basis for the request (disability);
2. An explanation as to how the student’s the identified disability interferes with their child’s ability to participate in standardized testing, and why there are no accommodations that would allow the student to participate;
3. The proposed alternative learning activity that meets the same goals that would be accomplished by participation in state testing.

**Step Three:** After receipt of the request form, the superintendent’s designee will evaluate the request and determine whether or not it is approved. The district will respond to the request in writing within 10 working days. If the request is denied, an appeal to the decision may be made to the superintendent within ten working days.

**Step Four:** The District Test Coordinator notifies the school administrator of the final determination. The School Test Coordinator will flag students with an approved exemption request in OAKS TIDE system to restrict student access to those OAKS assessments approved for student exemption.

## Student Requests based on Religious Beliefs

**Step One:** The parent/guardian discusses his/her concerns with the principal or other school administrator based on the student’s sincerely held religious convictions against standardized testing. A religious exemption must be founded on a sincerely held religious belief, as opposed to a personal, political, or sociological belief without a religious basis.

**Step Two:** If the parent/guardian believes that the student’s sincerely held religious belief continues to interfere with their child’s ability to participate in standardized testing, then the parent may request the required form named *RSD Parent Request for Exemption from Summative Assessments-B* from the District Office*.* Parent should complete the exemption request to the superintendent that states:

1. The basis for the request (religious belief);
2. An explanation as to how the student’s sincerely held religious belief with their child’s ability to participate in standardized testing, and how the belief is not a personal, political, or sociological belief without a religious basis;
3. The proposed alternative learning activity that meets the same goals that would be accomplished by participation in state testing.

**Step Three:** After receipt of the request form, the superintendent’s designee will evaluate the request and determine whether or not it is approved. The district will respond to the request in writing within 10 working days. If the request is denied, an appeal to the decision may be made to the superintendent within ten working days.

**Step Four:** The District Test Coordinator notifies the school administrator of the final determination. The School Test Coordinator will flag students with an approved exemption request in OAKS TIDE system to restrict student access to those OAKS assessments approved for student exemption.

Only the district-approved form will be accepted for consideration subsequent to a meeting with parents, principal, and/or other team members.

Contact the District Test Coordinator at 503-661-7200, extension 3713, if you require additional support or clarification.

# District Guidance Regarding Parental Inquiries about Exemptions to Include State Testing in Science, Social Science, English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA21), Kindergarten Assessment and Extended Assessments (all subjects)

Oregon Administrative Rule (OAR) 581-022-1910 allows districts to excuse students from a state required program or learning activity to accommodate students’ disabilities or religious beliefs. Oregon law also requires that public schools/districts provide instruction and assessment aligned to the State Board of Education-adopted academic content standards, as well as implement a statewide assessment system in English language arts, math, and science.

Parent Responsibility

Parent or guardian may request to excuse a student from testing by submitting in writing to the district a request:

1. Listing the reason for the exemption, and
2. Proposing an alternative individualized learning activity for the student which
   1. Substitutes for the period of time exempt from testing;
   2. Meets the same goals that would be accomplished by participation in state testing in English language arts, math, and/or science;
   3. Is consistent with the student’s educational progress and career goals as described in OARs 581-022-1670 and 581-022-1510.

*District Responsibility*

Test exemption evaluations and decisions must be developed and implemented by individual school districts. School district personnel must determine the parameters for:

1. What constitutes sufficient evidence for an exemption based on disability;
2. What constitutes sufficient evidence for an exemption based on religion;
3. What constitutes sufficient evidence for options for alternative individualized learning activities

*School and/or Teacher Responsibility*

Note that given the priority of test administration, the school may have limited staff available to supervise and facilitate alternative learning activities for students not participating in state testing. Upon approval of an exemption, the core content teacher and/or special education specialist is responsible for the supervision and facilitation of the alternative learning activity for the student to include how the student met the same goals that would have been accomplished by participation in state testing. Refer to page 5, ORS 329.485 section (5)(a), subheading (A).

*Sufficient Evidence for an Exemption Based on Disability*

Parents of students who have an IDEA or Section 504 identified disability that interferes with their ability to participate in standardized testing, *even with accommodations made for their disability*, may consider requesting a disability exemption to state tests. If approved, the student who receives the disability exemption will be excused from state testing.

*Sufficient Evidence for an Exemption Based on Religious Beliefs*

**Students** who have sincerely held religious convictions against standardized testing may consider asking their parents to request a religious exemption to state tests. A religious exemption must be founded on a sincerely held religious belief, as opposed to a personal, political, or sociological belief without a religious basis. If approved, the student who receives a religious exemption will be excused from state testing.

*Sufficient Evidence for Options for Alternative Individualized Learning Activities*

The criteria for options will be evaluated based on state and/or district requirements that could include criterion-referenced assessments including performance-based assessments, content-based assessments, and other valid methods to measure the academic content standards and to identify students who meet or exceed the standards. ORS 329.485(2)(a). Some options for alternative individualized learning activities may be guided by and evaluated based on the requirements outlined under State Assessments in Oregon Revised Statute 329.485—Oregon Educational Act for the 21st Century Educational Improvement and Reform.

*Will a student be sanctioned for not taking state tests?*

Students for whom there is an approved exemption will be excused. Students who miss school during state testing, but do not have an approved exemption and whose absence is not otherwise excused as provided by district policy will have an unexcused absence reflected on their student record.

High school students who do not participate in the state testing (with or without an approved exemption) will need to participate in an alternative assessment to demonstrate proficiency in Essential Skills requirements in reading, writing, and math to graduate with an Oregon Diploma.

*What happens to requests received after test administration begins?*

Requests for exemptions received after testing has begun will not be accepted. Test results for students administered state testing will be housed in the district’s and Department of Oregon’s assessment data systems to be used in accordance with the state’s assessment and accountability measures for inclusion in participation and performance reporting.

*What are the consequences for students who opt out of state tests?*

* **Information:** Valuable information about your student’s K–12 learning progress will be lost. Assessment is an important part of teaching and learning. State tests provide parents and educators with meaningful information about a student’s progress in mastering certain content and skills. The redesigned state tests in math and language arts (beginning in 2015) are expected to provide even more useful information. A significant consequence of not taking these tests is the loss of valuable information about your student’s progress toward meeting or exceeding academic content standards at the student’s current grade level, and the lost opportunity to shape future instruction accordingly.

* **Preparation:** Statewide assessments provide key information about whether your student is on track for graduation, and where he or she may need more help. Additionally, your student may be disadvantaged if his or her first exposure to standardized tests is in high school.
* **Graduation:** In order to graduate from high school in Oregon, your student must meet standards on the statewide assessment or an alternative assessment. Oregon’s graduation requirements include demonstrating proficiency in the essential skills of reading, writing, and math. Most students do this by meeting standards on the state test. If they do not take or do not pass the state test, they must demonstrate proficiency either by meeting standards on another approved standardized test, or through work samples, which likely would require taking an additional class in place of another chosen course or elective.
* **College placement:** Some colleges and universities now use students’ performance on the Oregon Statewide Assessment (OSAS) to determine whether a student is ready to take credit-bearing college courses or must take remedial classes that cost the same as college courses but do not count toward a college degree. Students who go to a college that uses Oregon Statewide Assessment (OSAS) scores for placement purposes may be required to take additional college placement tests if they have not completed the Oregon Statewide Assessment (OSAS).
* **School rating:** If too few students are assessed, your school’s rating on the state school report card will be negatively impacted. A school’s rating can influence how a school is perceived and how well it attracts and retains student enrollment and neighborhood residents. Under Oregon’s school accountability system, schools and districts that have state testing participation rates below the minimum requirement, 94.5% of all students and 94.5% of each subgroup of students, will have their overall school rating lowered by one level (out of five) per each consecutive year participation rates are not met. [[1]](#footnote-1)

*What accommodations or supports are available to meet student’s needs?*

A large part of the state assessment of language arts and math is computer adaptive testing. This means that it’s not a one-size-fits-all test. The computer program adjusts the difficulty of questions throughout the test based on your student’s responses. For example, a student who answers a question correctly will next be asked a more challenging question, while a student who answers a question incorrectly will next get an easier question. By adapting to your student as the test is taking place, this assessment can present questions targeted to your student’s knowledge and ability level, making it less stressful for students who struggle to answer some questions.

For students with particular needs, the Oregon Statewide Assessment (OSAS) includes opportunities for universal tools, designated supports and specific accommodations. For every student with an individualized education program, the individual accommodations and supports are identified and listed as part of the annual IEP process. If parents have already had an IEP meeting and they feel that accommodations and supports for state testing were not fully addressed, advise them to contact the student’s case manager.

*What student test administrations is the responsibility of the district to the state?*

The following procedures apply to all schools in the Reynolds School District, including charter schools, alternative school settings, and special programs. Approved exemption requests are only valid for one school calendar year. The requests for exemption from state testing must be completed annually for the following state tests for Oregon students.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Assessment** | **Who** | **When** |
| Math\* | All students | Grades 3–8 and at least once in high school |
| English Language Arts\* | All students | Grades 3–8 and at least once in high school |
| Science | All students | Grades 5, 8 and at least once in high school |
| Social Studies (optional for schools) | All students at schools that choose to participate | Grades 5, 8 and at least once in high school |
| Extended Assessment | Certain students with disabilities whose IEP teams have determined they should not participate in the standard assessment | Grades 3–8 and at least once in high school |
| ~~Kindergarten Assessment~~ | ~~All students~~ | ~~Entering kindergarten~~ |
| English Language Proficiency Assessment (ELPA) | Students learning English language | Grades K–12 |
| Preliminary Scholastic Aptitude Test (PSAT) or ACT Aspire | All students | Grade 10 |

\*ELA & Math have a separate opt-out form. The exemption form does not apply to these tests.

1. Excerpted from <http://www.cosa.k12.or.us/events/oacoaoase-winter-conference/Opting> Out of State Testing: Frequently Asked Questions Fact Sheet [↑](#footnote-ref-1)